1. **Application Form for Divorce (Rekest tot echtscheiding/Demande de divorce)**: This is the formal application where you state your intention to divorce. It should include the grounds for the divorce.
2. **Marriage Certificate**: A recent copy of your marriage certificate to prove the legality of your marriage.
3. **Birth Certificates of Children (if applicable)**: If you have children, you'll need their birth certificates to address custody, visitation rights, and child support in the divorce proceedings.
4. **National Identity Cards or Passports**: Copies of your and your spouse's identification to verify your identities.
5. **Residence Certificates**: Documents that prove where you and your spouse currently live. This is important for determining the competent court.
6. **Mutual Agreement Document (if applicable)**: If you and your spouse have reached an agreement on the division of property, custody of children, alimony, etc., this agreement should be documented and signed by both parties. This is especially relevant for an amicable divorce (Echtscheiding door onderlinge toestemming/Divorce par consentement mutuel).
7. **Proof of Income and Assets**: Documents showing the income and assets of both spouses, such as recent payslips, tax returns, and statements of bank accounts and debts. This information is necessary for determining alimony and the division of property.
8. **Any Pre-nuptial Agreement**: If you and your spouse signed a pre-nuptial agreement, bring a copy of this document to the court.